



**HALLMARK**  
**PUBLIC SCHOOL**  
AFFILIATED TO CBSE TILL CLASS-X

# WINTER BREAK ASSIGNMENT

**CLASS-VI**



**WINTER BREAK: DECEMBER 31, 2025 TO JANUARY 15, 2026**

THE SCHOOL REOPENS ON JANUARY 16, 2026.

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[www.hallmarkpublicschool.com](http://www.hallmarkpublicschool.com)

## ENGLISH

**NOTE- Do the given work in your English notebook.**

- Carefully observe the given visual. Using your ideas, frame an essay of about 200 words. Give your essay a suitable title and organize your ideas clearly. Use correct grammar, proper punctuation, and neat handwriting.



**Q.2 Read the following opening line carefully:**

“One bright morning, something unusual caught my attention and changed the way I looked at the world.” Using this line as a beginning, write a story in about 150–200 words. Give your story a suitable title and ensure it has a clear beginning, a well-developed middle and a definite end.

**Q.3 Do one calligraphy page everyday in your respective English note book.**

## हिंदी

- दो मित्रों के बीच योग के बढ़ते चलन पर 80–100 शब्दों में अपनी हिंदी की कार्यपुस्तिका में संवाद लिखें।
- हिंदी मुहावरों का प्रयोग कर के 100 शब्दों में अपनी हिंदी की कार्यपुस्तिका एक रोचक कहानी लिखें।
- हर दिन एक पन्ना सुलेख हिंदी कार्यपुस्तिका में करें।

## MATHEMATICS

### MATH MAGIC

- ❖ Do pages 63 to 68 and Test Paper -12 (on page 109) in the book.

### REASONING AND IQ

- ❖ Do Ch-11(pages 83 to 89) and Sample Test Paper - 1 (on pages 91 to 94) in the book.

### GANITA PRAKASH

- ❖ Do pages 133, 138 and 148 in the notebook.



## **SCIENCE**

**NOTE- Do the given work in your Science notebook.**

- ❖ Read and revise the textbook exercises and the question-answer sections of the chapter-A Journey through States of Matter.
- ❖ Carefully read the chapter [A Journey through States of Water] from the textbook. After reading, kindly answer the assignment questions provided at the end of the chapter in your school notebook.

**Q.1 Assertion-** Reasoning based questions. These consist of two statements – Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Answer these questions selecting the appropriate option given below:

- (a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- (b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- (c) A is true, but R is false.
- (d) A is false, but R is true.

(i) **Assertion (A):** Water exists as ice in its solid state.

**Reason (R):** On heating, water gets converted into its gaseous state.

(ii) **Assertion (A):** Evaporation of water happens faster on a windy day.

**Reason (R):** Wind increases the movement of air, which helps remove water vapour from the surface.

(iii) **Assertion (A):** All the states of water are interconvertible.

**Reason (R):** Water can change its state depending on changes in temperature and pressure.

(iv) **Assertion (A):** Water vapour is visible to the naked eye in the air.

**Reason (R):** Condensation is the process where water vapour turns back into liquid water.

(v) **Assertion (A):** Water droplets appear on the outside of a cold glass of lemonade.

**Reason (R):** Water vapour in the air loses heat when it touches a cold surface and turns into liquid.

**Q.2 Answer the following questions:**

- (i) How does a change in temperature cause water to change its state?
- (ii) What factors affect the rate of evaporation?
- (iii) Why is evaporation considered a cooling process?
- (iv) How are clouds formed?
- (v) Why does natural grass feel cooler than plastic grass on a sunny day?

**Q.3 Study-Based Questions:**

The Mystery of the Cold Seat: A two-wheeler parked in the sun has a very hot seat. You are told you can cool it down using only a wet cloth or by sprinkling a little water.

**Question:** Explain the scientific process behind why this works.

Natural vs. Artificial: You observe that the air around natural green grass feels much cooler than the air around green plastic grass on a hot afternoon.

**Question:** Why does natural grass have this "cooling power"?

The Disappearing Ink: A student accidentally spills a few drops of water on a drawing made with watercolours and an ink pen.

**Question:** Why does the ink spread at first but eventually "disappear" or dry up if left in the sun?

## **SOCIAL SCIENCE**

- ❖ Read Ch-8 'Unity in Diversity', or 'Many in the One' from NCERT Book and highlight the difficult words.
- ❖ Read Ch-14, Economic Activities Around Us from the Social Science Textbooks and solve the following worksheet in your Social Science notebook.

### **CH-14, ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES AROUND US REVISION WORKSHEET**

#### **Q.1 Multiple Choice Questions:**

- (i) Activities that create monetary value are called
  - (a) Agriculture related activities
  - (b) Industrial sector activities
  - (c) Economic activities
  - (d) Non-economic activities
- (ii) What is the other name of primary sector?
  - (a) Tertiary sector
  - (b) Service sector
  - (c) Agriculture-related sector
  - (d) None of these
- (iii) What is the other name of tertiary sector?
  - (a) Industrial sector
  - (b) Service sector
  - (c) Activity sector
  - (d) Economy sector
- (iv) Logging is a part of
  - (a) forestry
  - (b) farming
  - (c) mining
  - (d) raising livestock
- (v) Where are most of the people employed?
  - (a) In primary sector
  - (b) In secondary sector
  - (c) In tertiary sector
  - (d) In industrial sector

#### **Q.2 Assertion-Reason Type Questions**

In the following questions, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Mark your answer as per the options given below:

- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).

- (b) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (c) (A) is correct but (R) is wrong.
- (d) (A) is wrong but (R) is correct.

(i) **Assertion (A):** The fruit or vegetable vendors sell the farm produce to household consumers.

**Reason (R):** Their services make our lives easier.

(ii) **Assertion (A):** Over the decades, the number of economic activities has increased tremendously.

**Reason (R):** Those economic activities in which people are directly dependent on nature to produce goods are known as primary activities or primary sector economic activities.

**Q.3 Classify the following occupations into Primary, Secondary and Tertiary sectors:**

(Carpenter, Farmer, Shopkeeper, Retail trade, Mining, Healthcare, Production of Electricity, Factory worker, Fisherman, Doctor)

(a) Primary Sector: \_\_\_\_\_

(b) Secondary Sector: \_\_\_\_\_

(c) Tertiary Sector: \_\_\_\_\_

**Q.4 Your family uses many goods every day. Choose one item (example: bread, shirt, chair) and answer:**

(a) Which sector produces the raw material for this item?

(b) Which sector turns it into a final product?

(c) Which sector helps in selling it to the customers?

**Q.5 Look around your locality:**

Write names of three economic activities people around you are engaged in.

# ICT

## NOTE FOR STUDENTS

- ❖ **Neat screenshots:** Take clear and tidy pictures of your work.
- ❖ **Correct output:** Make sure the results are right and match the task.
- ❖ **Paste in order:** Stick your work step by step in the correct order.
- ❖ **Write Date & Practical No.:** Always write the date and the number of the practical.

## How to Write Python Code (Steps for Every Program)

1. Open Python IDLE
2. Click File → New File
3. Type the code
4. Click Run → Run Module
5. See output

### Practical 1

- Print ("Hello Python")

### Practical 2

- print ("My Name is \_\_\_\_\_")
- print ("Class 6")

### Practical 3

- print (4 + 6)
- print (10 – 3)

**Take screenshot of code + output → Paste it in the ICT notebook.**